Safeguarding for parents

What is safeguarding?

Safeguarding ensures that every child, regardless of their age, disability, gender reassignment, race, religion or belief, sex, or sexual orientation, has a right to equal protection from harm. It's the steps that people take to protect children and vulnerable people from harm.

Examples of safeguarding concerns to look out for:

Physical

A group of children pushing or hitting a smaller child when an adult isn't looking.

Emotional

A crying child running towards their parent who responds in a harsh manner using inappropriate language.

Sexual

A teenage girl walking home being catcalled and harassed, or being touched without consent.

Neglect

A child wearing the same dirty clothes every day and stealing food from other children.

Tes safeguarding advice

How can you help?

If you ever see anything happen to a child that makes you feel uncomfortable, please let your safeguarding lead / person know. You're not causing problems – you could save a child from unnecessary harm.

Any one of these things might not mean anything, but if your safeguarding lead / person isn't told, they can't help.

Talk to me about your concerns

Speak to: Mr Rizzo, Mrs Godley or Mrs Thackery

For more support with safeguarding, search